

What will it take

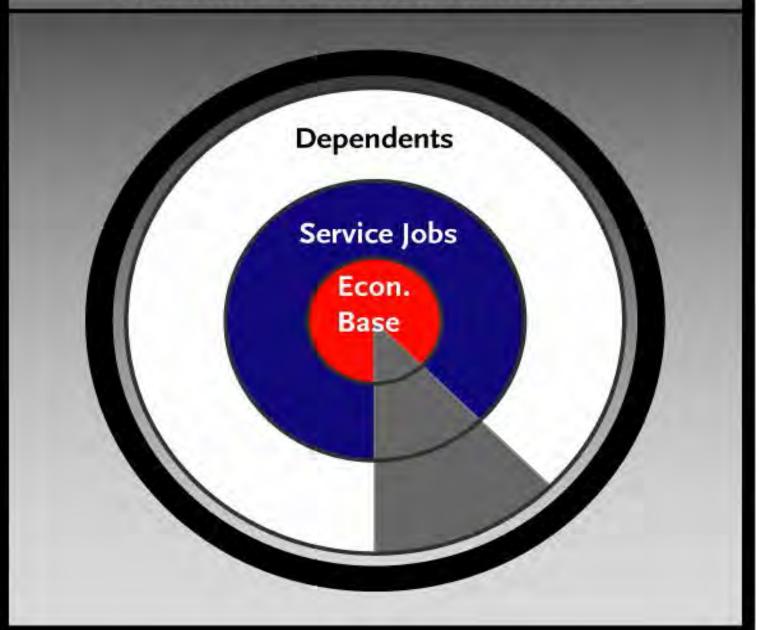
just to get back to where we were before the recession?

In Ten Years





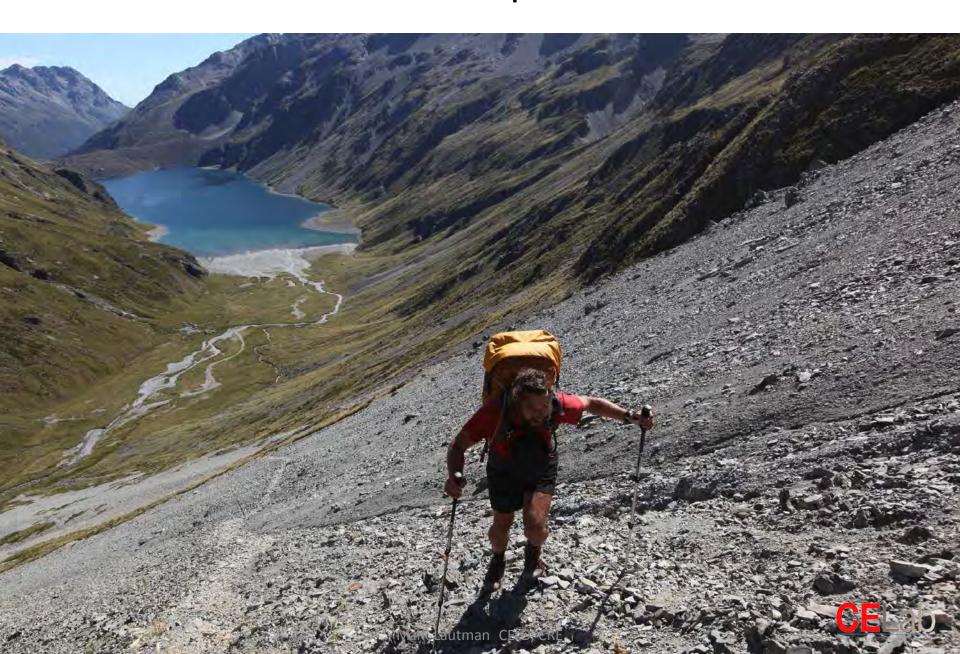
ECONOMIC CONTRACTION SCENARIO



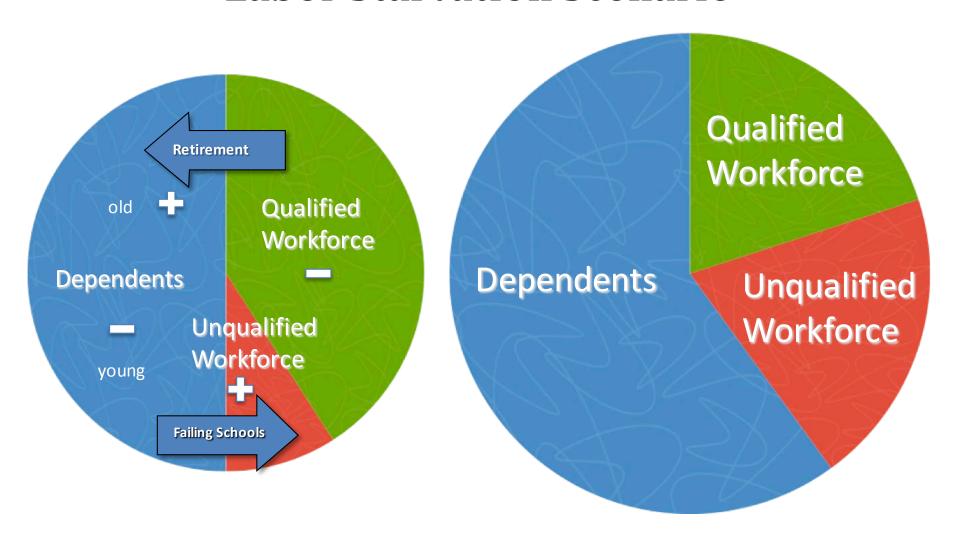




Recalibrate Expectations

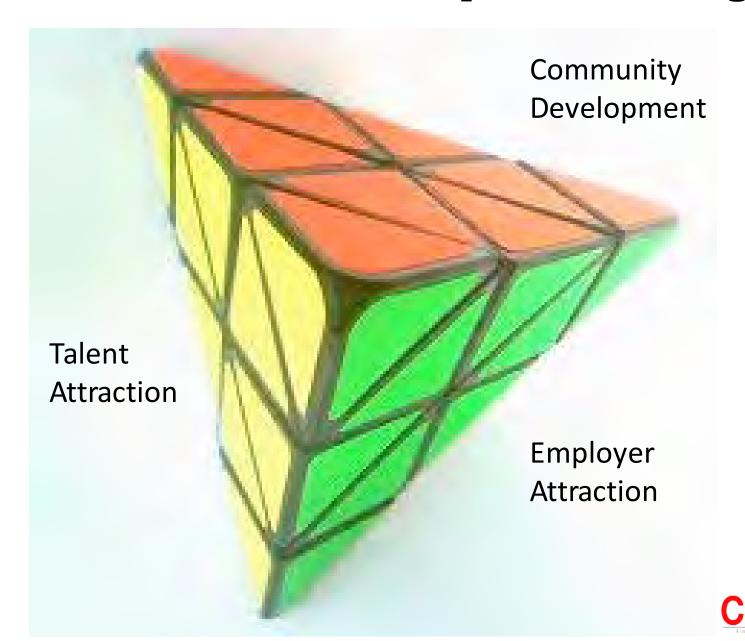


Labor Starvation Scenario





The New Economic Development Paradigm



Jobs Council Members

Members

Rep. W. Ken Martinez, Co-Chair

Sen. Mary Kay Papen, Co-Chair

Rep. Donald E. Bratton

Rep. Stephanie Garcia Richard

Sen. Phil A. Griego

Sen. Stuart Ingle

Rep. Rick Miera

Rep. Debbie A. Rodella

Sen. Michael S. Sanchez

Sen. Pat Woods

Executive Members

Secretary Jon Barela Secretary Monique Jacobson Secretary Tom Clifford Secretary Jose Z. Garcia Secretary Celina C. Bussey

Advisory Members

Sen. William F. Burt

Rep. Mary Helen Garcia

Rep. Patricia A. Lundstrom

Sen. Howie C. Morales

Sen. George K. Munoz

Sen. Steven P. Neville

Sen. Michael Padilla

Sen. John C. Ryan

Rep. Thomas C. Taylor

Rep. Don L. Tripp

Rep. James P. White

Public Members

Ray M. Baca, New Mexico Building and Construction
Trades Council

Terry Brunner, USDA

Beverlee McClure, ACI

Alex O. Romero, Albuquerque Hispano Chamber of Commerce and NMED Commission chair

Clarity and Consensus On a State-wide Job Creation Agenda

- Develop a framework and criteria for identifying job creation priorities.
- 2. Ascertain the estimated number of economic base jobs, the economic base sectors those jobs could come from and the factor of production issues impeding the creation of those jobs.
- 3. Begin building bipartisan consensus on legislative measures that can "move the needle" on job creation in the next five to seven years.



Think > Plan > Do

Assessment Strategy and Plan Execution

Clinical Consensus

Coherence:

Agree on the theoretical construct, nomenclature and process,

Economic Predicament:

Agree on the number of new, economic-base jobs that must be created

Economic Sector Selection:

Agree on a ranked list of the sectors with the highest potential for generating the economic-base jobs

Geographic Distribution and Resource Gaps:

Agree on areas of the state in which the new, economic-base jobs are most likely to be created

Policy and Program Implications:

Agree on job creation program and policy initiatives needed to deliver the job numbers

WAG but Verify



Coherence Questions

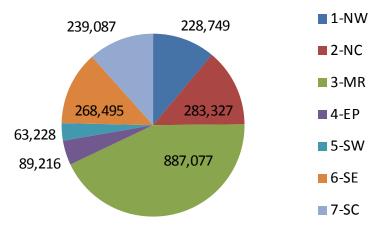
What are we trying to do? 1. Who is we? What is our Economic jurisdiction? 2. 3. Why are we doing this? Who needs to be at the table? 4. What process do we use? 5. How do we define economic development? 6. What are we measuring; Jobs or Money? 7. What are the primary modalities of action? 8. What is our impact Horizon? 9. What is our criteria for choosing priorities? 10.

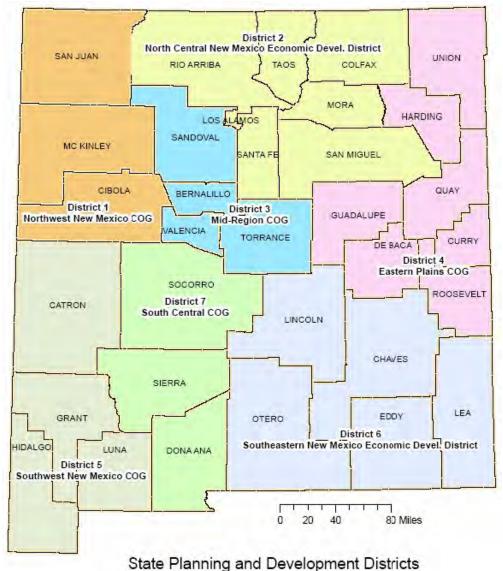
New Mexico's

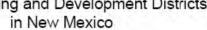
7 Economic Regions

- Council of Government
- Economic DevelopmentDistricts
- Workforce Districts

Population of Individual COG









Predicament Questions

How many economic base jobs will we need to get to full employment in 10 years?

- How many E-base jobs do we need to;
 - Support population growth?
 - Fill the current unemployment gap?
 - Replace attrition?



2013 Jobs Council

State *Economic Base Jobs* Calculus

<u>Factors</u>	<u>NM</u>
1. E-base jobs for growth	34,763
2. E-base jobs to fill unemployment gap	15,991
3. <u>E-base jobs to replace attrition</u>	110,129
E-base jobs needed (State) =	160,883
E-base jobs needed (State) per year =	16,088



2014 North Central COG Ten Year *Economic Base Jobs* Needs

<u>Factors</u>	<u>NCCOG</u>
1. E-base jobs for growth	4,521
2. E-base jobs to fill unemployment gap	1,557
3. E-base jobs to replace attrition	10,125
E-base jobs needed ten years =	16,563
E-base jobs needed per year =	1,656



2014 South Central (partial) Ten Year *Economic Base Jobs* Needs

<u>Factors</u>	Dona Ana Co.
1. E-base jobs for growth	3,695
2. E-base jobs to fill unemployment gap	4,059
3. E-base jobs to replace attrition	7,989
E-base jobs needed 10yrs =	15,743
E-base jobs needed per year =	1,574



2014 ABQ Metro Ten Year *Economic Base Jobs* Needs

<u>Factors</u>	Metro ABQ
1. E-base jobs for growth	27,398
2. E-base jobs to fill unemployment gap	5,599
3. E-base jobs to replace attrition	49,767
E-base jobs needed 10yrs =	82,276
E-base jobs needed per year =	8,227



"We may be under-investing in economic development in this state by an order of magnitude."

Rep Tom Taylor



Regional Dashboard Example-update August 2014

Statewide Job Creation Potential – Legislative Interim Jobs Council

Area: County, Region, State

Time Period: <u>2014-2024</u>

Predicament	
Population Change	25,000
Population in Workforce	15,000
Unemployment Reduction	3,000
Total Jobs	18,000
Economic Base Jobs	6,000
E-Base Attrition	2,000
Total Economic Base	8,000
Annual Economic Base	800

Background
Explanatory – Scan Over
Current – Up to Date by Regions
Sustainable – NewMARC website

Economic Sector Selection					
Sector	Jobs	Transactions	Factors of Production	Procured	Total
Back Office	300	3	Facilities	100	100
Health and Social Services	2,500		Workforce	500	1200
Visitor Driven	700			0	0
Intergrated IT	300	5	Workforce	100	100
Manufacturing	400	3		200	250
Exported Services	400	6		0	0
Solo-Work	400			200	250
Extractives	800	3	Housing		700
Digital Media	300	4	Broadband	100	100
Federal Government	200				50
Agriculture	300		Water		100
Education	900				300
Emerging Technologies	400	5	Workforce	100	200



Sector Estimate Questions

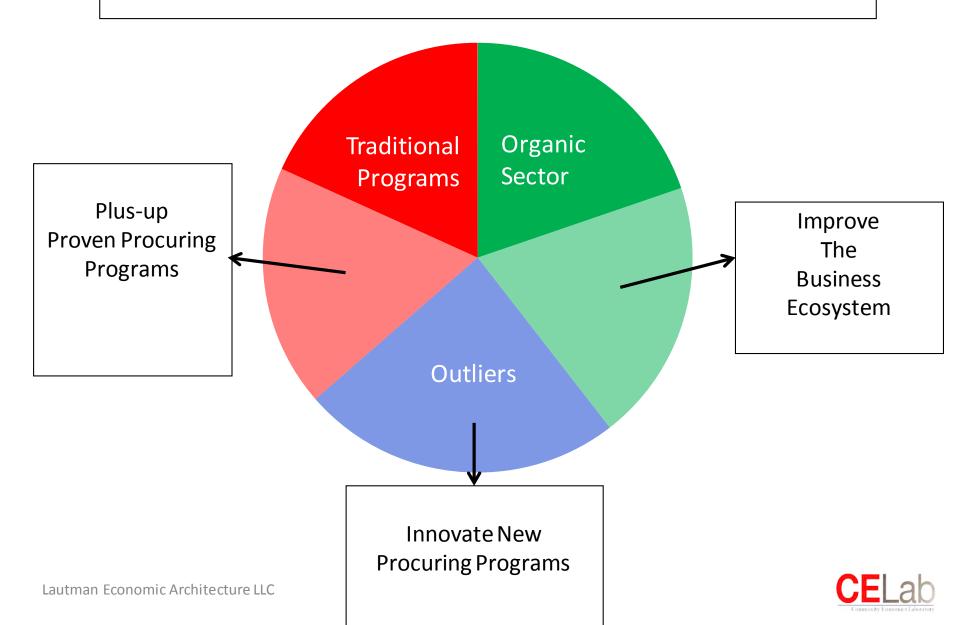
- 1. What should we define or group the economic base sectors?
- 2. How many E-base jobs can we create in each sector?
- 3. How many transactions will it take: start ups, expansions and recruits?
- 4. How many E-base job transactions will need to be procured?
- 5. How many E-base jobs transactions will occur organically?
- 6. Which sectors have procuring agents or programs managing job creation transactions? Which don't?
- 7. How many E-base jobs are being created per year by existing procuring agents?
- 8. How many E-base jobs could be created if the existing procuring agents or programs received more resources?
- 9. How many more E-base jobs transactions could be created if new programs were developed?

Dona Ana County Economic Sector Estimates

Back Office Services		700
Exported Services		200
Solo-Independent Work		400
Integrated IT & Cyber (Non-	Gov't)	50
Digital Media		300
Visitor Driven		1,600
Manufacturing		3,500
Extractives		10
Agriculture, Food, & Forestr	У	250
Government		1,500
Health & Social Services		3,000
Education Services		200_
Total Over Ten years		14,310
Annual		1,431
Ten year MVEDA?	4,450 / 2	2,225
Ten year MVEDA?		223



Strategy Options



Factors of Production

- Capital
- Infrastructure:
 - Water & Sewer
 - Bandwidth
 - Transmission
 - Roads & Drainage
 - Power and Gas
 - Public Safety

- Transportation
- Land and Building Inventory
- Qualified Workforce
- Housing
- Tax and Regulatory climate
- Marketing Lead Generation
- Sales Deal Structuring
- Leadership

Top Factor of Production Gaps

Factor	Jobs at Risk	Score
Infrastructure – bandwidth	12,555	17
Qualified Workers	9,280	10
Marketing and Lead Generation	n 6,175	11
Tax and Regulatory environmen	nt 5,970	10
Leadership	5,525	11
Building Inventory	4,510	7
Capital	2,560	6

Recommendations Programs, Policies, Projects

- Product Development
- Marketing and lead generation
- Sales
- Closing completion resources



Jobs Council Legislative Criteria

- 1. Unanimous Jobs Council Recommendation
- 2. Legislative sponsors
 - Both parties, both houses,
 - LFC
- 3. Executive support
 - Departmental support
 - DFA support
- 4. Constituent sponsors



Jobs Council Recommendations

July 17, 2014

NM Partnership	\$500,000
LEDA	\$50,000,000
JTIP	\$12,000,000
Co-op Advertising	\$2,000,000
Local Staff Augmentation	\$4,500,000
Solo-Work Pilot	\$500,000
Forest Restoration Pilot	\$250,000
Middle School Physics Pilot	\$250,000
Broadband needs assessment	\$300,000
Work Force Gap Forecast Model	\$125 <u>,000</u>

FYI 2016

\$70,425,000

2014 Jobs Council Recommendations

NM Partnership	\$500,000
LEDA	\$50,000,000
JTIP	\$12,000,000
Co-op Advertising	\$2,000,000
Local Staff Augmentation	\$4,500,000
Solo-Work Pilot	\$500,000
Forest Restoration Pilot	\$250,000
Middle School Physics Pilot	\$250,000
Broadband needs assessment	\$300,000
Work Force Gap Forecast Model	\$125,000
Tourism Department Marketing	\$3,500,000*
NMSU STEM Education Program	\$475,000*
WorkKeys Program	<i>\$35,000*</i>
FY 2016	\$74,435,000

^{*} Added at November 12, 2014 meeting

